# **Summary of Consolidated Financial Results For the Year Ended March 2012 [Japan GAAP]**

Name of Company: KAGA ELECTRONICS CO., LTD.

Stock Code: 8154 URL: http://www.taxan.co.jp/
Stock Exchange Listing: Tokyo Stock Exchange, First Section

Representative Title: President & COO Name: Tomohisa Tsukamoto Contact Person Title: Executive Officer, Finance & Name: Eiji Kawamura

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Date of regular general meeting of shareholders: June 28, 2012 (tentative)

Date of commencement of dividend payment: June 29, 2012 (tentative)

Date of filing of securities report: June 28, 2012 (tentative)

Supplementary explanatory documents: Yes

Earnings presentation: Yes (For institutional investors)

(Yen in millions, rounded down)

# 1. Financial results for the current fiscal year (April 1, 2011 - March 31, 2012)

## (1) Result of operations (Consolidated)

(Percentage figures represent year on year changes)

	Net sales		Operating	Operating income		Ordinary income		Net income	
	Million yen	%	Million yen	%	Million yen	%	Million yen	%	
Fiscal year ended March 2012	229,856	(3.3)	2,067	(39.6)	2,569	(28.6)	914	(48.3)	
Fiscal year ended March 2011	237,811	(0.7)	3,423	116.3	3,598	181.0	1,768	-	

Note: Comprehensive income: FY ended March 31, 2012: 397 million yen (-51.7%), FY ended March 31, 2011: 821 million yen (-%)

	Net income per share	Net income per share fully diluted	Return on equity	•	Ratio of operating income to net sales
	Yen	Yen	%	%	%
Fiscal year ended March 2012	33.13	-	2.0	2.2	0.9
Fiscal year ended March 2011	64.07	-	3.8	3.1	1.4

Note: Equity in losses of affiliates FY ended March 2012: -million yen FY ended March 2011: - million yen

# (2) Financial Position (Consolidated)

(2) 1 11141111111 (2011)	, mante a)				
	Total assets	Net assets	Equity ratio	Net assets per share	
	Million yen	Million yen	%	Yen	
As of March 31, 2012	114,714	47,936	40.5	1,681.73	
As of March 31, 2011	114,599	48,512	40.9	1,697.55	

Note: Shareholders' equity FY ended March 2012: 46,410 million yen FY ended March 2011: 46,848 million yen

# (3) Cash flow position (Consolidated)

	Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	
	Million yen	Million yen	Million yen	Million yen	
Fiscal year ended March 2012	958	(2,645)	(242)	9,695	
Fiscal year ended March 2011	6,321	(6,369)	478	11,796	

# 2. Dividends

		Divi	dend per sh	are		Annual	Dividends/	
	End of 1Q	End of 2Q	End of 3Q	End of FY	Full year	aggregate amount	Payout ratio (Consolidated)	net assets (Consolidated)
	Yen	Yen	Yen	Yen	Yen	Million yen	%	%
Fiscal year ended March 2011	-	15.00	-	15.00	30.00	827	46.8	1.8
Fiscal year ended March 2012	-	15.00	-	15.00	30.00	827	90.5	1.8
Fiscal year ending March 2013 (estimated)	-	15.00	1	15.00	30.00		1	

## 3. Forecast for the fiscal year ending March 2013 (Consolidated, April 1, 2012 - March 31, 2013)

(Percentage figures represent year on year changes)

	Net sales		Operating in	come	Ordinary income		Net income		
	Million yen	%	Million yen	%	Million yen	%	Million yen	%	Yen
First half	108,000	(7.1)	300	(61.1)	500	(44.2)	300	(0.4)	10.87
Full year	234,000	1.8	2,200	6.4	2,700	5.1	1,600	75.0	57.98

#### \* Notes

- (1) Changes in significant subsidiaries (Changes in specific subsidiaries accompanied by changes in the scope of consolidation):

  None
- (2) Changes in accounting principles and estimates, and retrospective restatement
  - (a) Changes due to revision of accounting standards: Yes
  - (b) Changes other than in (a): None
  - (c) Changes in accounting estimates: None
  - (d) Retrospective restatement: None
- (3) Number of shares outstanding (common stock)
  - (a) Shares outstanding (including treasury stock) As of March 31, 2012: 28,702,118 As of March 31, 2011: 28,702,118
  - (b) Treasury stock As of March 31, 2012 1,105,201 As of March 31, 2011: 1,104,656
  - (c) Average number of shares outstanding during the year

    As of March 31, 2012 27,597,270 As of March 31, 2011: 27,597,906

## **Non-consolidated Financial Results (For reference)**

# 1. Financial results for the current fiscal year (April 1, 2011 - March 31, 2012)

(1) Result of operations (Non-consolidated)

(Percentage figures represent year on year changes)

	Net sales		Operating income		Ordinary in	come	Net income	
	million yen	%	million yen	%	million yen	%	million yen	%
Fiscal year ended March 2012	95,163	(0.0)	705	(37.3)	4,736	66.0	2,646	27.9
Fiscal year ended March 2011	95,194	4.3	1,125	917.5	2,852	63.8	2,068	-

	Net income per share	Net income per share fully diluted
	yen	yen
Fiscal year ended March 2012	95.90	-
Fiscal year ended March 2011	74.96	-

# (2) Financial Position (Non-consolidated)

	Total assets	Net assets	Equity ratio	Net assets per share	
	million yen	million yen	%	yen	
As of March 31, 2012	75,486	35,378	46.9	1,281.99	
As of March 31, 2011	71,850	33,924	47.2	1,229.26	

Note: Shareholders' equity

Fiscal year ended March 2012: 35,378 million yen Fiscal year ended March 2011: 33,924 million yen

The financial statements for the fiscal year were under audit procedures at the time this Summary of Financial Results was released.

Forward-looking statements in these materials are based on information available to management at the time this report was prepared and assumptions that management believes are reasonable. Actual results may differ significantly from these statements for a number of reasons.

<sup>\*</sup>Status of implementation of audit procedures

<sup>\*</sup>Cautionary statement regarding forecasts of operating results and special notes

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## 1. Results of Operations

(1) Overview on consolidated business performance

In the fiscal year that ended on March 31, 2012, there was an improvement in U.S. employment and consumer spending because of strength in the corporate sector. But the U.S. economic upturn was lackluster due to increasing concerns about a slowdown caused mainly by a weak housing market, the debt crisis in Europe and the U.S. budget deficit. In Europe, economies were weak because of mounting concerns about financial system instability caused by financial market turmoil as the debt crisis deepened in several countries. In Southeast Asia as well, where economic growth continued, economies were under pressure from financial tightening to control inflation in major emerging countries like China and India and from flooding in Thailand. As a result, global economic growth slowed during the fiscal year.

In Japan, there was a sharp economic downturn as manufacturing activity stopped after the Great East Japan Earthquake. The Japanese economy subsequently began to recover along with restoration of supply chains and demand backed by earthquake reconstruction activity. However, the economic outlook remained uncertain during the fiscal year for a number of reasons, including the steep drop in exports after the earthquake, slowing overseas economic growth because of the European debt crisis, the increase in the yen's value, and flooding in Thailand.

In the electronics industry, there was growth in demand for smartphones, tablet computers and other mobile devices and demand for flat-panel televisions as consumers rushed to buy them as Japan started terrestrial digital television broadcasts. But sales of flat-panel televisions and other consumer electronics started falling in the summer of 2011 and impact of flooding in Thailand on production activity had an impact on the supply of electronic components and semiconductors. The operating was difficult throughout the fiscal year.

In this environment, the KAGA ELECTRONICS Group responded to the rapid changes in the electronics industry by taking actions based on its management philosophy of "Everything we do, we do for our customers." To increase the speed, flexibility and efficiency of the entire group, there were organizational changes that strengthened solidarity among group companies. In addition, new products were added, the product lineup was enlarged and other actions were taken.

Despite these initiatives, consolidated net sales decreased 3.3% to 229,856 million yen, operating income was down 39.6% to 2,067 million yen and ordinary income fell 28.6% to 2,569 million yen. A loss of 1,050 million yen for property and equipment and inventories was recorded in the third quarter in association with damage from flooding in Thailand. However, since there was insurance for this damage, there were insurance payments of 1,295 million yen in the fourth quarter. Including these items, net income was 914 million yen, down 48.3% from one year earlier.

Business segment performance was as follows.

- (a) Electronic components (Development, manufacture and sale of semiconductors, general electronic components and other products, electronics manufacturing service (EMS)\*, and other activities)
  - In Japan, the Great East Japan Earthquake and flooding in Thailand caused shortages of semiconductors and electronic components. But group companies secured procurement channels for these products and focused on increasing sales to current customers and enlarging sales channels for LED products and solar panels in the environmental business. Overseas, there were extensive sales activities that targeted Japanese companies and companies in China.
  - However, in Japan, there were declines in sales of electronic components and semiconductors as well as in EMS orders mainly because client manufactures reduced output in response to falling consumption after the Great East Japan Earthquake. Overseas, performance was impacted by lower output by client manufacturers because of flooding in Thailand. As a result, segment sales decreased 3.0% to 166,468 million yen. Operating income was down 30.3% to 2,021 million yen because of the lower gross profit margin caused primarily by the downturn in the EMS business.
  - \* Electronics manufacturing service is a term used for the provision of product development and manufacturing services on an outsourcing basis.
- (b) Information equipment (Sales of PCs, PC peripherals, photograph and imaging products, original-brand products, and other products)
  - Sales in this segment benefited from measures to increase sales of PCs, PC peripherals and other existing products and to add new products. In addition, orders for terrestrial digital TV broadcast tuners increased due to the July 2011 end of terrestrial TV broadcasts in Japan. However, there was a drop in sales of consumer electronics in Japan after the Great East Japan Earthquake and the supply of products sold by group companies fell because of flooding in Thailand. The result was a 2.7% decrease in segment sales to 49,360 million yen. The decline in sales, an addition to the allowance for doubtful accounts and other factors caused an operating loss of 533 million yen compared with a 67 million yen loss one year earlier.
- (c) Software (Production of computer graphics, planning and development of amusement products, and other activities)

  In the software business, group companies focused on the production of computer graphics for animation, the development of image processing ICs for amusement devices, and sales of game and application software. However, additional time required for development projects and the resulting delay in sales from these projects caused segment sales to fall 32.2% to 3,854 million yen and operating income to decrease 17.4% to 402 million yen.
- (d) Others (Electronic device repairs and support, sales of sporting goods, and other activities)
  - The Great East Japan Earthquake impacted sales in the golf product sales business because of falling demand and reduced orders in the recycling business and other activities in this segment. But in the fiscal year's second half, aggressive sales activities produced a recovery in orders associated with amusement devices and other products. As a result, sales increased 3.8% to 10,173 million yen and operating income was up 38.9% to 319 million yen.

In the fiscal year ending on March 31, 2013, the global economy is expected to be uncertain because of concerns about slowing U.S. economic growth, the European debt crisis, and declining economic growth rates in China and other emerging countries.

In Japan, there are expectations for an economic recovery along with growing public-works expenditures for earthquake reconstruction and upturns in exports and consumer spending. But the yen's prolonged strength and the electricity supply limitations caused by the shutdown of nuclear power plants pose problems. The European debt crisis and upcoming direction of the U.S. economy make the outlook for the Japanese economy even more difficult to determine.

In the electronics industry, more growth in demand is foreseen for smartphones and other tablet devices. But operating environment for the industry is expected to be challenging because of soft demand for consumer electronics, particularly flat-screen televisions.

In this environment, KAGA ELECTRONICS Group companies will work more closely together and use synergies to operate more efficiently. For business sectors, resources will be focused on automotive, communications and environmental products. In another step to improve efficiency, new products will be added and unprofitable businesses will be restructured.

Based on this outlook, the current forecast for the fiscal year ending on March 31, 2013 is net sales of 234,000 million yen, up 1.8%, operating income of 2,200 million yen, up 6.4%, ordinary income of 2,700 million yen, up 5.1%, and net income of 1,600 million yen, up 75.0%.

## (2) Overview of financial condition

#### (a) Assets, liabilities and net assets

Assets increased 114 million yen from one year earlier to 114,714 million yen at the end of the fiscal year. The purchase of property, plant and equipment was mainly responsible for this increase.

Liabilities increased 690 million yen to 66,777 million yen mainly because of an increase in loans.

Net assets decreased 575 million yen to 47,936 million yen mainly because of an increase in retained earnings.

#### (b) Cash flows

There was a net decrease of 2,100 million yen in cash and cash equivalents to 9,695 million yen at the end of the fiscal year. (Operating activities)

Net cash provided by operating activities was 958 million yen compared with 6,321 million yen one year earlier. A increase in notes and accounts receivable-trade was a major source of cash.

(Investing activities)

Net cash used in investing activities was 2,645 million yen compared with 6,369 million yen one year earlier. The primary use of cash was payments for the purchase of property, plant and equipment.

(Financing activities)

Net cash used in financing activities was 242 million yen. compared with 478 million yen provided in the previous fiscal year. Repayment of long-term loans payable was the primary source of cash.

#### Cash flow index trends (for reference)

	Fiscal year ended March 2008	Fiscal year ended March 2009	Fiscal year ended March 2010	Fiscal year ended March 2011	Fiscal year ended March 2012
Shareholders' equity ratio	40.0%	40.7%	41.1%	40.9%	40.5%
Shareholders' equity ratio at market value	28.4%	18.8%	24.4%	23.6%	20.9%
Debt repayment multiple	19.24 years	2.38 years	2.01 years	2.12 years	14.97 years
Interest coverage ratio	4.8	28.1	43.6	52.0	6.6

Shareholders' equity ratio is shareholders' equity divided by total assets.

Shareholders' equity ratio at market value is market capitalization divided by total assets.

Debt repayment multiple is interest-bearing debt divided by operating cash flows.

Interest coverage ratio is operating cash flows divided by interest expenses.

## Notes:

- 1. All figures are calculated based on consolidated financial data.
- 2. Market capitalization uses the number of shares issued less treasury stock.
- 3. Cash flows are operating cash flows.
- 4. Interest-bearing debt is the sum of all liabilities on the balance sheet on which the Group is obligated to pay interest.
- (3) Fundamental policy for earnings allocations and dividends in the fiscal years 2011 and 2012

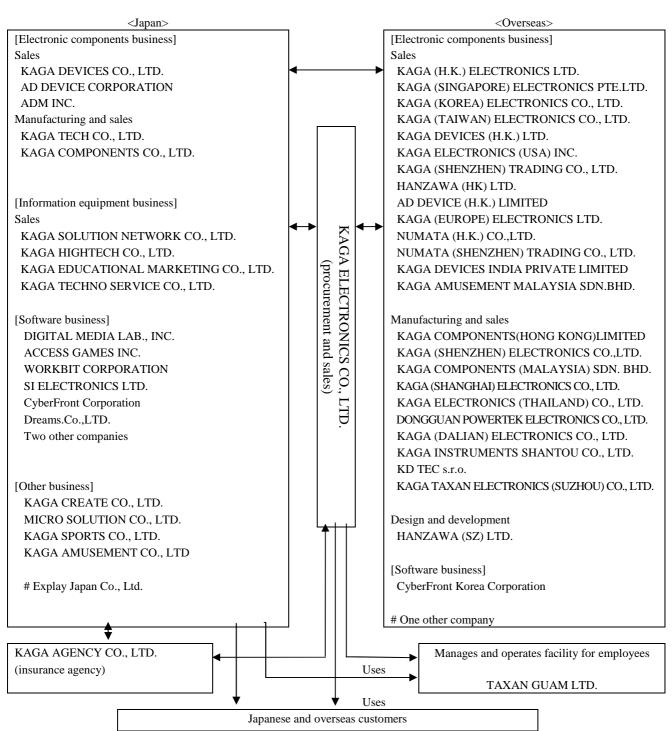
The Company's fundamental policy is to pay a steady and consistent dividend to shareholders that reflect consolidated performance as well as the need to establish a more powerful financial position and base of operations from a long-term stable perspective.

Based on performance in the fiscal year 2012, the Company plans to pay a year-end dividend of 15 yen per share. With the interim dividend of 15 yen per share, this will result in an annual dividend of 30 yen per share.

For the fiscal year ending on March 31, 2013, to show appreciation to shareholders for their support, a dividend per share of 30 yen, including an interim dividend of 15 yen, is planned.

## 2. Corporate Group

The KAGA ELECTRONICS group of companies (the Group) is made up of KAGA ELECTRONICS CO., LTD. (the Company), 49 consolidated subsidiaries (22 in Japan, 27 overseas) and 2 affiliates that are not accounted for using the equity method (1 in Japan, 1 overseas). These companies are engaged primarily in the following activities: the electronic components business, including the development, manufacture and sale of semiconductors and general electronic components and EMS (electronic manufacturing services); and the information equipment business, including the sale of personal computers and peripherals, photography and imaging products, and original-brand products; and the software business includes the production of computer graphics for animation, the planning and development of products for amusement devices, and other activities. Other businesses include repair and support services for electronic devices, the sale of sporting goods, and other activities.



(Notes) #: Affiliates that are not accounted for using the equity method. All other companies are consolidated subsidiaries.

(1) The following consolidated subsidiaries became our group company during the fiscal year that ended in March 2012.

				Voting rights		he Company	Leasing of facilities	
Name	Address	Capital	Activities	held	Joint directors	Financial support	Business relationship	and equipment
				%	Persons	Million yen		
[Electronic components	business]							
KAGA DEVICES INDIA PRIVATE LIMITED (Note 6)	Bangalore, India	15 mn INR	Sales of electronic components and electronic devices	100.0 (Note 1) (90.0)	-	-	-	-
KAGA AMUSEMENT MALAYSIA SDN.BHD. (Note 7)	Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia	1mn MYR	Sales of arcade game machines, consumables and maintenance parts,; leasing of video game machines, periodic maintenance service; and sales of equipment for amusement facilities	100.0 (Note 1) (100.0)	-	-	-	-

#### Notes:

- 1. Figures in parentheses in the column showing voting rights of the subsidiary are the indirect percentages.
- 2. On April 1, 2011, consolidated subsidiaries KAGA TECH CO., LTD. and OTSUKA ELECTRIC CO., LTD. merged with KAGA TECH CO., LTD. the surviving company.
- 3. On April 1, 2011, CyberFront Corporation absorbed consolidated subsidiary DS Press Corporation.
- 4. On April 1, 2011, KAGA DEVICES (H.K) LTD. and NUMATA (H.K.) CO., LTD. were integrated with KAGA DEVICES (H.K.) LTD. the surviving company. On the same day, KAGA (SHENZHEN) TRADING CO., LTD., a consolidated subsidiary of KAGA DEVICES (H.K.) LTD., and NUMATA (SHENZHEN) TRADING CO., LTD., a consolidated subsidiary of NUMATA (H.K.) CO., LTD., were integrated with KAGA (SHENZHEN) TRADING CO., LTD. the surviving company. In addition, KAGA (H.K.) ELECTRONICS LTD. and HANZAWA (HK) LTD. merged with KAGA (H.K.) ELECTRONICS LTD. the surviving company. On the same day, KAGA (SHENZHEN) ELECTRONICS CO., LTD., a consolidated subsidiary of KAGA (H.K.) ELECTRONICS LTD., and HANZAWA (SZ) LTD., a consolidated subsidiary of HANZAWA (HK) LTD., were integrated with KAGA (SHENZHEN) ELECTRONICS CO., LTD. the surviving company.
- 5. On May 10, 2011, GUANGZHOU KEIDENKI LTD., which was a consolidated subsidiary until the end of March 2012, was liquidated.
- 6. On July 13, 2011, consolidated subsidiary KAGA DEVICES CO., LTD. established KAGA DEVICES INDIA PRIVATE LIMITED in India to start business operations in this country.
- 7. On December 5, 2011, consolidated subsidiary KAGA AMUSEMENT CO., LTD. established KAGA AMUSEMENT MALAYSIA SDN. BHD. as a sales subsidiary in Malaysia to expand overseas operations.

## 3. Management Policies

#### (1) Fundamental management policy

Based on the management philosophy of "Everything we do, we do for our customers," the KAGA ELECTRONICS Group is guided by the fundamental policy of "remaining a company that contributes to the happiness of all stakeholders, including shareholders, customers and employees, and fulfills its responsibilities to society." The Group is dedicated to growing consistently by responding with speed and agility to globalization of the economy and the rapidly changing electronics industry. To accomplish this, the Group will expand its network in Japan and overseas and deepen ties among Group companies to enhance collective strengths. The Group also has a strong commitment to corporate social responsibility, positioning compliance and protecting the global environment as important elements of its operations.

Based on the above management philosophy and fundamental management policy, the companies of the KAGA ELECTRONICS Group, which are active primarily in the electronics industry, seek to improve their results of operations while cooperating with each other by doing business in a speedy manner that places the highest priority on rapid decision-making.

The key word is "F.Y.T."

F = Flexibility (adapting adeptly to external changes)

Y = Young (staying young in thought and action)

T = Try (the spirit of always taking on challenges)

## (2) Targeted performance indicators

As the electronics industry, where the Group is active, is expected to continue to grow, priority will continue to be placed on raising the rate of sales growth and improving the return on equity.

#### (3) Medium- and long-term management strategies

The rapid pace of change in the electronics industry is expected to continue. New products are appearing and existing products going out of date faster. Companies are moving production bases out of Japan faster, too. Amid these changes, more growth is foreseen for the electronics industry.

The Group has grown with KAGA ELECTRONICS, an independent electronics trading company, as its nucleus by working with a large number of suppliers and customers and handling a broad spectrum of products. The Group is distinguished by its ability to handle all aspects of the electronics business, from upstream to downstream, including product planning, development and processing (EMS). Backed by these distinctive strengths, the Group will work even more closely together to capture synergies with the goal of increasing sales and earnings while growing on a global scale. The key word is "3G."

General (covering everything)

Global (worldwide coverage)

Group (leveraging the collective power of the Group)

## (4) Key issues

In the fiscal year that ended on March 31, 2012, in response to the discovery of improper transactions and accounting procedures at consolidated subsidiary KAGA HIGHTECH CO., LTD. ("KAGA HIGHTECH"), the KAGA ELECTRONICS Group established an Investigation Committee that included experts from outside the Group to determine all of the facts involving this incident.

This investigation showed that there was no involvement in the improper transactions and accounting procedures by KAGA HIGHTECH as an organization. Furthermore, no improper transactions and accounting procedures were discovered at other consolidated subsidiaries.

The Group has taken very seriously the recommendations for preventive measures that were submitted by the Investigation Committee. To prevent a reoccurrence of this type of incident, preventive measures will be implemented continuously as one of the highest management priorities. Furthermore, actions will be taken to ensure strict compliance with laws and regulations and to strengthen corporate governance.

Preventive measures are as follows.

- $1) \quad Rigorous \ implementation \ of \ internal \ controls \ and \ retraining \ programs \ at \ KAGA \ HIGHTECH$ 
  - (a) All executives and employees of KAGA HIGHTECH will reconfirm and share knowledge about the risks associated with every business process and the purpose of internal control activities, including the details of procedures that must be followed. Retraining will place particular emphasis on the following two points.
    - Strict implementation of deletions of individual entries when cross-checking for accounts receivable calculation errors for sales discounts.
    - ii. Strict implementation of confirmations for consistency of internal checks and vouchers when approval is granted for posting a sales discount.
  - (b) Ensure that all executives and employees of KAGA HIGHTECH fully understand the contents and behavior associated with the improper transactions as well as the background. In addition, everyone will reconfirm their understanding in a concrete manner of the magnitude of the effect of the failure to implement internal controls on improper accounting procedures and on the reliability of information the Group discloses to the public. Retraining programs will be conducted as well. Training programs will thoroughly cover the following four points in particular.
    - i. The process for determining discounts and prices with counterparties, processing discounts, managing receivables, handling mistaken calculations for receivables and handling returned products
    - ii. The importance of performing accounting procedures in a timely and appropriate manner

- iii. Internal training about the importance of quick consultations and reports when strange transactions or behavior is discovered
- iv. Education to make people aware of the extremely grave consequences for themselves if they engage in improper behavior
- 2) Make internal controls even stronger and more effective
  - (a) Study and implement periodic personnel changes and job rotations at KAGA HIGHTECH as well as measures for the suitable transfer of tasks to individuals newly assigned to a post.
  - (b) Study and implement the greater use of IT and data systems at KAGA HIGHTECH to prevent salespeople from using e-mail or other means to handle discount consultations or requests on their own and to ensure the accurate processing of business tasks that take place mainly at the end and beginning of each month.
  - (c) In addition to the "Report Box" on the intranet that serves as an internal reporting system, allow employees to submit reports by postal mail and other channels. Strengthen the reporting system while continuing to protect the identities of individuals who provide information. Make everyone at the Group aware of these measures.
  - (d) To reinforce the ability of KAGA ELECTRONICS CO., LTD. to supervise and support the operations of subsidiaries, determine and verify the status of operations at subsidiaries, perform risk analysis for subsidiaries and then study and implement measures that are needed.

The KAGA ELECTRONICS Group is determined to continue growing while adhering to its fundamental management policy. Based on the "F.Y.T." and "3G" management policies explained earlier as well as on the reinforcement of compliance, the Group's management will be strengthened with the aim of increasing enterprise value while preserving strong relationships with all stakeholders.

Additionally, the Group conducts reorganizations whenever needed in order to respond rapidly to changes in market conditions and customer needs. Another goal is enhancing the ability to gather information quickly. At the same time, the Group aims to capture more synergies by building stronger ties among Group companies and fostering more collaboration and mutual assistance within the Group, thereby expanding operations and improving efficiency.

Based on the following environmental policy, all members of the Group are working together to build a framework that can tackle environmental issues from many perspectives. (ISO14001 certification was received on November 15, 2002.)

#### (Environmental Policy)

Always looking ahead to the future of electronics, the KAGA ELECTRONICS Group is dedicated to meeting the needs of customers while protecting the Earth in order to preserve the improve the natural environment.

At present, the Group is concentrating on the following issues:

- (a) Updating and establishing group oversight systems to improve operating efficiency
- (b) Strengthening relationships, collaboration and mutual assistance among Group companies to realize greater synergies
- (c) Reinforcing operations overseas and expanding the global network
- (d) Upgrading technological skills and improving the ability to gather information with speed
- (e) Revitalizing underperforming subsidiaries
- (f) Tackling environmental problems
- (g) Thorough operation of internal control systems
- (5) Other important items concerning management Not applicable

## 4. Consolidated Financial Statements

#### (1) Balance sheet

(million yen) FY 2011 FY 2012 (As of March 31, 2011) (As of March 31, 2012) **ASSETS** Current assets 11,926 9,775 Cash and cash equivalents Notes and accounts receivable-trade 54,025 55,979 Marketable securities 74 71 17,104 Merchandize and furnished goods 15,775 555 334 Goods in progress 4,115 Raw materials and other supplies 3,189 861 Deferred tax assets 1,029 Others 6,399 6,272 Allowance for doubtful receivables (144)(182)Total current assets 92,789 94,374 Fixed assets Property, plant and equipment Buildings and structures 4,132 4,818 (1,872)Accumulated depreciation (1,637)2,945 Buildings and structures, net 2,494 3,408 Machinery, equipment and vehicles 3,787 (1,916)Accumulated depreciation (2,186)Machinery, equipment and vehicles, net 1,601 1,492 3,752 Tools, furniture and fixtures 3,889 Accumulated depreciation (2,872)(2,826)Tools, furniture and fixtures, net 1,016 926 4,077 4,099 45 Construction in progress 511 9,487 Total property, plant and equipment 9,724 Intangible assets Goodwill 253 464 800 Software 790 1,191 Others 1,344 2,245 Total intangible assets 2,599 Investments and other assets Investment securities 4,032 4,493 Deferred tax assets 619 341 2,068 Security deposits 2,359 Insurance reserve 1,384 1,129 2,458 Others 2,511 Allowance for doubtful receivables (1,678)(1,627)Total investments and other assets 9,485 8,607 20,340 Total fixed assets 21,810 114,714 Total assets 114,599

		(million yen)
	FY 2011	FY 2012
I I A DI I ITIEG	(As of March 31, 2011)	(As of March 31, 2012)
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities	40.700	41 740
Notes and accounts payable-trade	40,790	41,748
Short-term bank loans	8,505	11,084
Lease obligations	-	75
Accrued expenses	2,547	2,443
Income taxes payable	1,511	1,082
Provision for directors' bonuses	138	52
Others	3,494	2,986
Total current liabilities	56,987	59,474
Long-term liabilities		
Long-term bank loans	4,636	2,833
Lease obligations	-	326
Deferred tax liabilities	350	228
Provision for retirement benefits	1,556	1,579
Provision for directors' retirement benefits	1,294	1,399
Asset retirement obligations	226	245
Others	1,034	691
Total long-term liabilities	9,099	7,303
Total liabilities	66,087	66,777
NET ASSETS		
Shareholder's equity		
Paid-in capital	12,133	12,133
Capital surplus	13,912	13,912
Retained earnings	24,952	25,038
Treasury stock	(1,332)	(1,333)
Total shareholder's equity	49,665	49,751
Valuation and translation adjustments		
Valuation differences on available-for-sales securities	(246)	(653)
Deferred gains or losses on hedges	0	(24)
Foreign currency translation adjustments	(2,571)	(2,663)
Total valuation and translation adjustments	(2,817)	(3,341)
Subscription rights to shares	0	0
Minority interests	1,664	1,526
Total net assets	48,512	47,936
Total liabilities and net assets	114,599	114,714
	111,377	

		(million yen)
	FY 2011	FY 2012
	(As of March 31, 2011)	(As of March 31, 2012)
Net sales	237,811	229,856
Cost of sales	207,298	201,350
Gross profit	30,512	28,506
Selling, general and administrative expenses	27,089	26,438
Operating income	3,423	2,067
Non-operating income		
Interest income	70	59
Dividend income	67	67
Commission income	208	205
Amortization of negative goodwill	77	90
House rent income	114	107
Others	337	318
Total non-operating income	876	850
Non-operating expenses		
Interest expense	113	145
Foreign exchange losses	488	80
Others	99	121
Total non-operating expenses	701	348
Ordinary income	3,598	2,569
Extraordinary income		
Gain on sales of fixed assets	21	17
Gain on sales of investment securities	12	255
Compensation income	140	-
Gain on adjustment of foreign currency translation	101	
adjustment by liquidation of affiliates	101	-
Insurance income	-	1,295
Others	-	0
Total extraordinary income	275	1,567
Extraordinary losses		
Loss on retirement of fixed assets	14	42
Loss on revaluation of investment securities	383	23
Loss on impairment of fixed assets	0	69
Loss on adjustment for changes of accounting standard	38	_
for asset retirement obligations	30	
Loss on disaster	-	1,044
Others	213	154
Total extraordinary losses	651	1,334
Income before income taxes and minority interests	3,223	2,802
Income, inhabitants and enterprise taxes	2,026	1,784
Income tax adjustment	(563)	95
Total taxes	1,462	1,879
Income before minority interests	1,760	922
Minority interests in income (loss)	(7)	8
Net income (loss)	1,768	914
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	·

	FY 2011 (As of March 31, 2011)	FY 2012 (As of March 31, 2012)
Minority interests in Gain(loss)	(7)	8
Income before minority interests	1,760	922
Other comprehensive income		
Valuation difference on available-for-sale securities	(55)	(408)
Deferred gains or losses on hedges	(9)	(25)
Foreign currency translation adjustment	(874)	(91)
Total other comprehensive income	(938)	(525)
Comprehensive income	821	397
Comprehensive income attributable to owners of the parent	835	390
Comprehensive income attributable to minority interests	(13)	6

		(million yen
	FY 2011	FY 2012
	(As of March 31, 2011)	(As of March 31, 2012)
Shareholders' equity		
Paid-in capital		
Balance at the bigining of previous period	12,133	12,133
Changes of items during the period		
Total changes of items during the period		
Balance at the end of current period	12,133	12,133
Capital surplus		
Balance at the bigining of previous period	13,912	13,912
Changes during the period		
Disposal of treasury stock	(0)	-
Total changes during the period	(0)	-
Balance at the end of current period	13,912	13,912
Retained earnings		
Balance at the bigining of previous period	24,012	24,952
Changes during the period		
Dividends paid	(827)	(827)
Net income (loss)	1,768	914
Total changes during the period	940	86
Balance at the end of current period	24,952	25,038
Treasury stock		
Balance at the bigining of previous period	(1,332)	(1,332)
Changes during the period		
Acquisition of treasury stock	(0)	(0)
Disposal of treasury stock	0	-
Total changes during the period	(0)	(0)
Balance at the end of current period	(1,332)	(1,333)
Total Shareholders' equity		
Balance at the bigining of previous period	48,726	49,665
Changes during the period		
Dividends paid	(827)	(827)
Net income (loss)	1,768	914
Acquisition of treasury stock	(0)	(0)
Disposal of treasury stock	0	-
Total changes during the period	939	85
Balance at the end of current period	49,665	49,751

		(million yen
	FY 2011 (As of March 31, 2011)	FY 2012 (As of March 31, 2012)
Valuation and translation adjustments	(AS 01 March 51, 2011)	(AS 01 March 31, 2012)
Valuation difference on available-for-sale securities		
Balance at the biginning of previous period	(195)	(246)
Changes during the period	(193)	(240)
Net changes of items other than shareholders' equity	(51)	(406)
Total changes during the period	(51)	(406)
Balance at the end of current period	(246)	(653)
	(240)	(033)
Deferred gains or losses on hedges  Balance at the biginning of previous period	8	(
Changes during the period	8	
Net changes of items other than shareholders' equity	(8)	(25)
	(8)	(25)
Total changes during the period	0	
Balance at the biginning of current period	0	(24)
Foreign currency translation adjustments	(1, (07)	(2.571)
Balance at the biginning of previous period	(1,697)	(2,571)
Changes during the period	(972)	(02)
Net changes of items other than shareholders' equity	(873)	(92)
Total changes during the period	(873)	(92)
Balance at the end of current period	(2,571)	(2,663)
Total valuation and translation adjustments		
Balance at the bigining of previous period	(1,884)	(2,817)
Changes during the period		
Net changes of items other than shareholders' equity	(933)	(523)
Total changes during the period	(933)	(523)
Balance at the end of current period	(2,817)	(3,341)
Subscription rights to shares		
Balance at the bigining of previous period	-	(
Changes during the period		
Net changes of items other than shareholders' equity	0	-
Total changes during the period	0	
Balance at the end of current period	0	(
Minority interests		
Balance at the bigining of previous period	1,711	1,664
Changes biginning the period		
Net changes of items other than shareholders' equity	(47)	(138)
Total changes during the period	(47)	(138)
Balance at the end of current period	1,664	1,526
Total net assets		
Balance at the bigining of previous period	48,553	48,512
Changes biginning the period		
Dividends paid	(827)	(827)
Net income (loss)	1,768	914
Acquisition of treasury stock	(0)	(0)
Disposal of treasury stock	0	
Net changes of items other than shareholders' equity	(980)	(661)
Total changes during the period	40	(575)
Balance at the end of current period	48,512	47,936

# (4) Statements of cash flows

		(million yen
	FY 2011	FY 2012
	(As of March 31, 2011)	(As of March 31, 2012)
Operating activities		
Income before income taxes and minority interest	3,223	2,802
Depreciation and amortization	2,242	2,181
Loss on impairment of fixed assets	0	69
Amortization of goodwill	192	87
Increase (decrease) in provision for retirement benefits	99	24
Increase (decrease) in provision for directors' retirement benefits	72	104
Increase (decrease) in provision for directors' bonuses	121	(86)
Increase (decrease) in allowance for doubtful receivable	259	107
Interest and dividend income	(138)	(127)
Interest expenses	115	146
Loss (gain) on sales of property, plant and equipment	(14)	(15)
Loss on retirement of fixed assets	14	42
Loss (gain) on sales of investment securities	2	(233)
Loss (gain) on revaluation of investment securities	383	23
Decrease (increase) in notes and accounts receivable-trade	4,910	(2,561)
Decrease (increase) in inventories	(1,378)	(2,522)
Increase (decrease) in notes and accounts payable-trade	(2,683)	1,235
Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable—other	262	1,734
Increase (decrease) in accrued expenses	454	(144)
Decrease (increase) in advance payments	88	(123)
Decrease (increase) in consumption taxes refund receivable	(15)	(257)
Decrease (increase) in other current assets	104	65
Increase (decrease) in other current liabilities	69	26
Others	(220)	(124)
Sub-total	8,164	2,456
Interests and dividend received	151	123
Interests paid	(121)	(145)
Income taxes–paid	(1,591)	(2,230)
Others	(281)	755
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	6,321	958

		(million yen
	FY 2011	FY 2012
	(As of March 31, 2011)	( As of March 31, 2012)
Investing activities		
Payments into time deposits	(112)	<del>-</del>
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	(4,875)	(2,274)
Proceeds from sales of property, plant and equipment	71	39
Purchase of intangible assets	(1,013)	(637)
Purchase of investment securities	(646)	(88)
Proceeds from sales of investment securities	281	558
Payment from acquisition of securities of subsidiaries, which changed the scope of consolidation	-	(21)
Payment for acquisition of securities of subsidiaries, which changed the scope of consolidation	(227)	-
Proceeds from acquisition of securities of subsidiaries, which changed the scope of consolidation	64	-
Payments of short-term loans receivable	(143)	(1)
Collection of short-term loans receivable	125	9
Payments of long-term loans receivable	(5)	-
Purchase of insurance funds	(107)	(298)
Proceeds from cancellation of insurance funds	35	27
Payments for guarantee deposits	(23)	(77)
Proceeds from collection of guarantee deposits	150	77
Other payments	(79)	(76)
Other proceeds	137	117
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(6,369)	(2,645)
Financing activities		
Increase (decrease) in short-term loans payable	(1,154)	2,607
Proceeds from long-term loans payable	4,011	1
Repayment of long-term loans payable	(1,463)	(1,828)
Purchase of treasury stock	(0)	(0)
Cash dividends paid	(831)	(828)
Cash dividends paid to minority shareholders	(34)	(103)
Others	(49)	(89)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	478	(242)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	(431)	(171)
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(1)	(2,100)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	11,797	11,796
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	11,796	9,695
	•	

- (5) Notes to ongoing concern assumptions None
- (6) Significant changes in basis of presenting the consolidated financial statements

  None

#### (7) Notes to consolidated financial statements

(Segment information etc.)

## **Segment information**

1. Summary of reporting segments

development of amusement products, and other activities.

Segments used for financial reporting are the constituent units of KAGA ELECTRONICS for which separate financial information is available and for which the board of directors performs regular reviews for the purposes of determining the distribution of resources and evaluating results of operations.

KAGA ELECTRONICS conducts business activities by grouping affiliated companies based on products and services and based on comprehensive strategies for operations in Japan and overseas for products and services handled. Consequently, KAGA ELECTRONICS and its affiliated companies have three reporting segments that are made up of different categories of products and services: electronic components, information equipment and software. The electronic components segment includes the development, manufacture and sale of semiconductors, general electronic components and other products, the electronics manufacturing service (EMS), and other activities. The information equipment segment includes sales of PCs, PC peripherals, photograph and imaging products, original brand products, and other products. The software segment includes the production of computer graphics, planning and

- 2. The accounting method used for reporting business segments is generally the same as the method explained in "Basis of presenting the consolidated financial statements."
- 3. Information concerning sales, earnings or losses, assets, liabilities and other items for individual reporting segments For the previous fiscal year ended March 2011 (April 1, 2010 March 31, 2011)

(million yen)

		Repo	orting segmen	nts		A J:	Amount in the
	Electronic components	Information equipment	Software	Others	Total	Adjustments *1	consolidated statement of income *2
Net sales of which to outside customers of which inter- segment	171,576 1,342	50,745 778	5,687 2,418	9,801 3,159	237,811 7,698	(7,698)	237,811
Total	172,919	51,523	8,105	12,961	245,509	(7,698)	237,811
Segment income (loss)	2,901	(67)	487	230	3,551	(128)	3,423
Segment assets	97,210	15,668	6,043	5,390	124,312	(9,713)	114,599
Others Depreciation and amortization	970	142	407	43	1,563	(8)	1,554
Increase in property, plant and equipment and intangible assets	4,336	192	636	724	5,889	-	5,889

(million yen)

		Reporting so	egments				Amount in the
	Electronic components	Information equipment	Software	Others	Total	Adjustments	consolidated statement of income
Net sales							
of which to outside customers	166,468	49,360	3,854	10,173	229,856	-	229,856
of which inter- segment	1,625	798	3,453	2,551	8,429	(8,429)	-
Total	168,094	50,159	7,308	12,724	238,286	(8,429)	229,856
Segment income (loss)	2,021	(533)	402	319	2,210	(142)	2,067
Segment assets	104,294	14,411	4,569	6,751	130,025	(15,311)	114,714
Others  Depreciation and amortization	924	133	361	121	1,541	(5)	1,536
Increase in property, plant and equipment and intangible assets	1,306	86	388	1,155	2,937	-	2,937

#### Notes:

- 1. For assets, eliminations or corporate in the fiscal year that ended in March 2011 include corporate assets of 2,407 million yen that consist primarily of short-term investments (cash and securities, etc.) at the Company. In addition, eliminations or corporate in the fiscal year that ended in March 2012 include corporate assets of 2,684 million yen that consist primarily of short-term investments (cash and securities, etc.) at the Company.
- 2. The adjustment for segment operating income is as follows
  - (1) Segment income

(million yen)

	Fiscal year ended March 2011	Fiscal year ended March 2012
Elimination of inter-segment trade	13	(62)
Amortization of goodwill	(141)	(79)
Total	(128)	(142)

# (2) Segment assets

(million yen)

	Fiscal year ended March 2011	Fiscal year ended March 2012
Elimination of inter-segment trade	(12,120)	(17,995)
Corporate *	2,407	2,684
Total	(9,713)	(15,311)

<sup>\*</sup> Major component of corporate assets is investment of idle assets (cash and investment securities).

# (3) Depreciation and amortization

(million yen)

	Fiscal year ended March 2011	Fiscal year ended March 2012
Elimination of inter-segment trade	(8)	(5)
Total	(8)	(5)

#### **Associated information**

For the previous fiscal year ended March 2011 (April 1, 2010 – March 31, 2011)

1. Information about individual products and services

This information is omitted because the same information is presented on Segment Information..

# 2. Geographic information

(1) Net sales				(million yen)
Japan	North America	Europe	East Asia	Total
170,998	2,182	5,293	59,336	237,811

(2) Property, plant a	and equipment			(million yen)
Japan	North America	Europe	East Asia	Total
7,534	36	83	2,068	9,724

#### 3. Information by major customers

Information by major customers is not presented because outside sales for major customers accounted for less than 10% of operating revenue on the consolidated statements of income.

For the current fiscal year ended March 2012 (April 1, 2011 – March 31, 2012)

1. Information about individual products and services

This information is not presented because .KAGA ELECTRONICS Group prepares reports in accordance with a management approach based on individual products and services.

## 2. Geographic information

(1) Net sales				(million yen)
Japan	North America	Europe	East Asia	Total
164.532	2,394	4.241	58.687	229.856

Note: Overseas sales refer to sales posted by the Company and its consolidated subsidiaries in countries and regions outside Japan.

_	(2) Property, plant and equipment (million				
	Japan	North America	Europe	East Asia	Total
	7,357	33	74	2,021	9,487

#### Notes:

- 1. Countries and regions are classified according to geographical proximity.
- 2. Countries and regions outside Japan are broken down into the following geographical areas:
  - (1) North America: United States
  - (2) Europe: United Kingdom, Czech Republic, and Russia
  - (3) East Asia: Hong Kong, Singapore, Taiwan, Korea, China, Malaysia, and Thailand

# (Per-share information)

(yen)

Item	FY 2011 (For the year ended March 31, 2011)	FY 2012 (For the year ended March 31, 2012)
Net assets per share	1,697.55	1,681.73
Net income (loss) per share	64.07	33.13
	Net income per share (diluted) is not presented, since it is net loss and there is no potential stock.	Net income per share (diluted) is not presented, since there is no potential stock which has dilution effect.

Note: The basis for calculating net income (loss) per share is as follows.

	FY 2011	FY 2012
	(For the year ended March 31,	(For the year ended March 31,
	2011)	2012)
Net income per share		
Net income (million yen)	1,768	914
Net income not available to common shareholders (million yen)	-	-
Net income available to common shareholders (million yen)	1,768	914
Weighted average number of shares outstanding	27,597,906	27,597,270
Outline of potential stock which does not have dilution effect and has not been included in net income per share	Number of classes of subscription rights to shares for consolidated companies: 4 (Number of rights: 4060)	Number of classes of subscription rights to shares for consolidated companies : 4 (Number of rights: 4060)

(Subsequent events) None

# 5. Non-consolidated Financial Statements

# (1) Balance sheets

		(million yen)
	FY 2011 (As of March 31, 2011)	FY 2012 (As of March 31, 2012)
ASSETS	(120 01 1/11/10 11, 2011)	(110 01 11111011 01, 2012)
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	6,442	4,954
Notes receivable-trade	3,191	3,055
Accounts receivable-trade	22,927	26,682
Marketable securities	71	74
Merchandise	4,039	5,698
Goods in progress	132	77
Supplies	25	29
Advance payments-trade	1,131	994
Prepaid expenses	202	206
Deferred tax assets	667	460
Short-term loans	131	33
Short-term loans to affiliates	14,103	15,851
Accounts receivable-other	2,828	3,317
Consumption taxes receivable	199	321
Others	16	41
Allowance for doubtful receivables	(3,480)	(4,555)
Total current assets	52,631	57,243
Fixed assets		
Property, plant and equipment		
Buildings	830	839
Accumulated depreciation	(424)	(531)
Buildings, net	406	308
Structures	71	71
Accumulated depreciation	(30)	(36)
Structures, net	40	35
Vehicles	150	128
Accumulated depreciation	(126)	(113)
Vehicles, net	23	14
Tools, furniture and fixtures	794	853
Accumulated depreciation	(517)	(659)
Tools, furniture and fixtures, net	277	194
Land	2,964	2,964
Lease assets	2,704	218
Accumulated depreciation	<u> </u>	(41)
Lease assets, net		177
Construction in progress	4	45
	-	3,740
Total property, plant and equipment	3,716	3,740
Intangible assets	12	12
Trade mark rights	13	12
Software Talanka na ni akto	229	228
Telephone rights	26	26
Others	259	164
Total intangible assets	529	431

	(r	
	FY 2011 (As of March 31, 2011)	FY 2012 (As of March 31, 2012)
Investments and other assets		
Investment securities	3,897	3,533
Affiliate stock	7,581	7,357
Contribution to capital	80	57
Contribution to affiliate capital	8	6
Long-term loans	213	76
Long-term loans to affiliates	2,693	2,222
Long-term prepaid expenses Claims provable in bankruptcy, claims provable in	49 267	80 555
rehabilitation and other		
Deferred tax assets	1,001	839
Guarantee deposits	1,009	956
Insurance reserve	1,066	1,344
Golf memberships	396	380
Allowance for doubtful receivables	(3,021)	(2,253)
Allowance for loss on investment	(268)	(1,085)
Total investments and other assets	14,973	14,070
Total fixed assets	19,219	18,242
Total assets	71,850	75,486
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities		
Notes payable-trade	2,473	2,440
Accounts payable-trade	16,733	19,079
Short-term bank loans	4,659	7,419
Short-term loans from affiliates	2,553	1,672
Current portion of long-term debt	1,761	1,761
Lease obligations	-	19
Accounts payable-other	254	222
Accrued expenses	973	1,014
Income taxes payable	576	191
Advances received	1,246	1,142
Deposits received	54	56
Provision for directors' bonuses	120	40
Others	26	23
Total current liabilities	31,433	35,083
Long-term liabilities	31,433	33,003
	4.540	2,787
Long-term bank loans	4,548	190
Lease obligations	-	
Allowance for retirement benefits for employees	457	462
Allowance for retirement benefits for directors and corporate auditors	1,094	1,157
Asset retirement obligations	188	190
Others	203	235
Total long-term liabilities	6,493	5,024
Total liabilities	37,926	40,107

	FY 2011 (As of March 31, 2011)	FY 2012 (As of March 31, 2012)
NET ASSETS		
Shareholder's equity		
Paid-in capital	12,133	12,133
Capital surplus		
Legal capital surplus	13,912	13,912
Other capital surplus	<u> </u>	-
Total capital surplus	13,912	13,912
Retained earnings		
Legal retained earnings	618	618
Other retained earnings		
General reserve	7,000	7,000
Retained earnings brought forward	1,802	3,620
Total retained earnings	9,420	11,239
Treasury stock	(1,332)	(1,333)
Total shareholder's equity	34,134	35,952
Valuation and translation adjustments		
Valuation differences on available-for-sales securities	(208)	(560)
Deferred gains or losses on hedges	(1)	(12)
Total valuation and translation adjustments	(209)	(573)
Total net assets	33,924	35,378
Total liabilities and net assets	71,850	75,486

	FY 2011	(million yen
	(Fiscal year ended Mar. 31, 2011)	
Net sales	95,194	95,163
Cost of sales	,	
Beginning goods	4,399	4,172
Cost of purchased goods	85,128	87,749
Total	89,527	91,921
Transfer to other account	119	317
Ending goods	4,172	5,776
Cost of goods sold	85,236	85,827
Gross profit	9,957	9,336
Selling, general and administrative expenses	8,832	8,630
Operating income	1,125	705
Non-operating income		
Interest income	102	120
Dividend income	1,508	3,856
Foreign exchange gains	, <u>-</u>	34
Others	284	238
Total non-operating income	1,896	4,251
Non-operating expenses	·	
Interest expense	105	120
Loss on investments in partnership	-	29
Foreign exchange losses	36	-
Others	26	70
Total non-operating expenses	168	220
Ordinary income	2,852	4,736
Extraordinary income		
Gain on sales of investment securities	0	198
Reversal of allowance for investment loss	183	-
Others	3	9
Total extraordinary income	187	207
Extraordinary losses		
Loss on retirement of fixed assets	1	3
Loss on revaluation of investment securities	235	20
Loss on revaluation of stocks of affiliates	216	173
Provision of allowance for investment loss	-	300
Provision of allowance for doubtful accounts	-	975
Others	41	63
Total extraordinary losses	494	1,537
Income before income taxes and minority interests	2,545	3,406
Income, inhabitants and enterprise taxes	817	592
Income tax adjustment	(340)	167
Total taxes	476	760
Net income	2,068	2,646

	FY 2011	FY 2012
	(Fiscal year ended Mar. 31, 2011)	(Fiscal year ended Mar. 31, 2012)
hareholders' equity		, ,
Paid-in capital		
Balance at the biginning of previous period	12,133	12,133
Changes of items during the period		
Total changes of items during the period	-	-
Balance at the end of current period	12,133	12,133
Capital surplus		
Capital legal reserve		
Balance at the biginning of previous period	13,912	13,912
Changes of items during the period		
Total changes of items during the period	-	-
Balance at the end of current period	13,912	13,912
Other capital surplus		
Balance at the biginning of previous period	0	
Changes of items during the period		
Disposal of treasury stock	(0)	
Total changes during the period	(0)	
Balance at the end of current period	-	
Total capital surplus		
Balance at the biginning of previous period	13,912	13,912
Changes during the period		,
Disposal of treasury stock	(0)	
Total changes during the period	(0)	
Balance at the end of current period	13,912	13,912
Retained earnings		22,7
Earned legal reserve		
Balance at the biginning of previous period	618	618
Changes during the period	010	
Total changes during the period	_	
Balance at the end of current period	618	618
Other retained earnings		
General reserve		
Balance at the biginning of previous period	12,860	7,000
Changes of items during the period	12,000	.,,,,,
Reversal of general reserve	(5,860)	
Total changes during the period	(5,860)	
Balance at the end of current period	7,000	7,000
Retained earnings brought forward	7,000	,,,,,
Balance at the biginning of previous period	(5,298)	1,802
Changes during the period	(3,230)	1,002
Reversal of general reserve	5,860	
Dividends paid	(827)	(827
Net income	2,068	2,646
Disposal of treasury stock	(0)	
Total changes during the period	7,100	1,818
Balance at the end of current period	1,802	3,620
Total retained earnings	1,802	3,020
Balance at the biginning of previous period	8,179	9,420
Changes during the period	8,179	9,420

	(million yen	
	FY 2011	FY 2012
	(Fiscal year ended Mar. 31, 2011)	(Fiscal year ended Mar. 31, 2012)
Reversal of general reserve	-	(025)
Dividends paid	(827)	(827)
Net income (loss)	2,068	2,646
Disposal of treasury stock	(0)	-
Total changes during the period	1,240	1,818
Balance at the end of current period	9,420	11,239
Treasury stock		
Balance at the end of previous period	(1,332)	(1,332)
Changes during the period		
Acquisition of treasury stock	(0)	(0)
Disposal of treasury stock	0	-
Total changes during the period	(0)	(0)
Balance at the end of current period	(1,332)	(1,333)
Total Shareholders' equity	-	
Balance at the end of previous period	32,893	34,134
Changes during the period	,	
Dividends paid	(827)	(827)
Net income (loss)	2,068	2,646
Acquisition of treasury stock	(0)	(0)
Disposal of treasury stock	0	-
Total changes during the period	1,240	1,818
Balance at the end of current period	34,134	35,952
Valuation and translation adjustments		·
Valuation difference on available-for-sale securities		
Balance at the end of previous period	(148)	(208)
Changes during the period	(-1-)	( /
Net changes of items other than shareholders'	(59)	(352)
equity		
Total changes during the period	(59)	(352)
Balance at the end of current period	(208)	(560)
Deferred gains or losses on hedged		
Balance at the end of previous period	(0)	(1)
Changes during the period		
Net changes of items other than shareholders' equity	(1)	(11)
Total changes during the period	(1)	(11)
Balance at the end of current period	(1)	(12)
Total valuation and translation adjustments		
Balance at the end of previous period	(148)	(209)
Changes during the period	(= 10)	,,
Net changes of items other than shareholders'	(60)	(363)
equity  Total changes during the period	(60)	(2/2)
Total changes during the period	(60)	(363)
Balance at the end of current period	(209)	(573)

		(IIIIIIIIIII)
	FY 2011	FY 2012
	(Fiscal year ended Mar. 31, 2011)	(Fiscal year ended Mar. 31, 2012)
Total net asset		
Balance at the end of previous period	32,744	33,924
Changes during the period		
Dividends paid	(827)	(827)
Net income (loss)	2,068	2,646
Acquisition of treasury stock	(0)	(0)
Disposal of treasury stock	0	-
Net changes of items other than shareholders' equity	(60)	(363)
Total changes during the period	1,179	1,454
Balance at the end of current period	33,924	35,378

# 6. Other Information

- (1) Change in directors and corporate auditors
  - 1) Change in representative director Not applicable
  - 2) Changes in other directors and corporate auditors

Candidate for election as new director

Director Eiji Kawamura (currently Executive Officer, General Manager of Administration

Headquarters and Finance & Accounting Department)

Director to resign

Senior Managing Director

Kazuo Yamana (to become Senior Adviser)

3) Date of election/resignation

June 28, 2012

# (2) Other

None