Summary of Consolidated Financial Results For the First Quarter Ended June 2009

Name of Company:	KAGA ELECTRONICS CO., LTD.
Stock Code:	8154
Stock Exchange Listing:	Tokyo Stock Exchange, First Section
URL:	http://www.taxan.co.jp/
Representative	
Title:	President & COO
Name:	Tomohisa Tsukamoto
Contact Person	
Title:	Senior Managing Director, Finance & Administration Headquarters
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Date of quarterly securities report	August 7, 2009
Date of commencement of dividend payment (tentative):	-

(Yen in millions, rounded down)

1. Financial results for the first quarter ended June 2009 (April 1, 2009 June 30, 2009)

(1) Result of operations (Consolidated, year-to-date) (Percentage figures represent year on year changes)

	Net	sales	Operati	ng income	Ordina	ry income	Net in	ncome
	Million	YoY	Million	YoY	Million	YoY	Million	YoY
	yen	Change %	yen	Change %	yen	Change %	yen	Change %
First quarter ended June 2009	54,062	(16.1)	(253)	-	(281)	-	(640)	-
First quarter ended June 2008	64,439	-	1,367	-	1,486	-	475	-

	Net income per share	Net income per share fully diluted
	Yen	Yen
First quarter ended June 2009	(23.22)	-
First quarter ended June 2008	16.95	-

(2) Financial Position (Consolidated)

	Total assets	Net assets	Equity ratio	Net assets per share
	Million yen	Million yen	%	Yen
First quarter ended June 2009	109,870	49,070	43.1	1,715.86
Fiscal year ended March 2009	117,251	49,560	40.7	1,730.98

Note: Shareholders' equity

As of June 30, 2009 : 47,352 million yen As of March 31, 2009 : 47,770 million yen

2. Dividends

Deference data	Dividend per share						
Reference date	End of 1Q	End of 2Q	End of 3Q	End of FY	Full year		
	Yen	Yen	Yen	Yen	Yen		
Fiscal year ended March 2009	-	25.00	-	15.00	40.00		
Fiscal year ending March 2010	-						
Fiscal year ending March 2010		-	-	-	-		
(est.)							

Notes: Change in the estimation of dividend for the fiscal year in this period: No The estimated amount of dividend for FY2010 is not yet determined.

3. Forecast for the fiscal year ending March 2010 (Consolidated, April 1, 2009 to March 31, 2010)

	Net sal	les	Operating i	ncome	Ordinary i	ncome	Net inco	ome	Net income per share
	Million yen	%	Yen						
First half	120,000	(15.0)	100	(96.9)	200	(94.2)	0	(100.0)	0.00
Full year	263,000	(3.9)	2,600	15.6	2,800	26.8	1,600	-	57.98

Note: Change in the forecast made in this period : No

(The percentage figures accompanying net sales, operating income, ordinary income, and net income represent year-on-year changes.)

4. Others

- (1) Changes in significant subsidiaries (Changes in specific subsidiaries accompanied by changes in the scope of consolidation): None
- (2) Use of simple method in accounting procedures and application of accounting procedures specific to the quarterly consolidated financial statements: None
- (3) Changes in accounting principles and procedures, presentation methods and other items in the preparation of the quarterly consolidated financial statements (Presented in the section on Changes to the Basis of Presenting the Quarterly Consolidated Financial Statements)
 - (a) Changes due to revision of accounting standards: None
 - (b) Changes other than in (a): None
- (4) Number of shares outstanding (common stock)

702,118
05,038
8: 28,058,717
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*Cautionary statement regarding forecasts of operating results and special notes

1. Forward-looking statements in these materials are based on information available to management at the time this report was prepared and assumptions that management believes are reasonable. Actual results may differ significantly from these statements for a number of reasons.

2. There is no dividend forecast for the fiscal year ending on March 31, 2010 because of the uncertain outlook for the operating environment. An announcement will be made promptly once a dividend forecast becomes possible due to future changes in operating results and other factors.

Results of Operations

1. Analysis of results of operations

In the fiscal year's first quarter, the economic recession continued because of the global financial crisis. In the United States and Europe, there are hopes of a recovery due to economic stimulus measures but no signs of an upturn have appeared. Unemployment remains high and consumer spending is sluggish. In East Asia, economic stimulus measures in China are producing benefits. The resulting strength in consumer spending and exports is having a positive effect within China and in other countries as well.

In Japan, the economic picture remains challenging despite indications of a recovery in sales of automobiles and digital home electronics. The improvement in earnings of Japanese companies is weak and there have been further declines in capital expenditures and employment.

In the electronics industry, the core area of our operations, inventory reductions by manufacturers of all types of electronic products have been completed. Demand for electronic components used in environmental products, notably energy-efficient home appliances and electric automobiles, is climbing because of government economic stimulus programs. However, this has not led to a recovery in capital expenditures or consumer spending. As a result, the operating environment for the electronics industry remains difficult.

In this difficult environment, companies of the KAGA ELECTRONICS Group are working even more closely together and operating more efficiently. Group companies are also working on handling more new products and expanding sales routes. First quarter consolidated net sales decreased 16.1% to 54,062 million yen. There was an operating loss of 253 million yen compared with operating income of 1,367 million yen one year earlier and an ordinary loss of 281 million yen compared with ordinary income of 1,486 million yen one year earlier. The first quarter net loss was 640 million yen compared with net income of 475 million yen one year earlier.

Performance by geographic segment was as follows.

1) Japan

Economic stimulus measures by the government produced an upturn in demand for some products, including environmental products. However, the Japanese economy is still weak as the recession brings down corporate earnings and rising unemployment holds down consumer spending. The operating environment is challenging in the Japanese electronics industry as well.

First quarter performance in Japan benefited from higher sales of electronic components used in PCs and the sales of a subsidiary that was newly consolidated during the previous fiscal year. However, EMS* orders and sales of semiconductors declined because of lower production volume at electronic device manufacturers and other factors. The result was a 13.2% decrease in sales to 47,504 million yen and an operating loss of 303 million yen compared with operating income of 978 million yen one year earlier.

*Electronics Manufacturing Service is a term used for companies that design, test, manufacture, distribute, and provide return/repair services.

2) North America

The U.S. economy remained weak because of the impact of turmoil in financial markets. In this environment, there were declines in orders for semiconductors used in digital home electronics, amusement equipment and other products. Sales decreased 6.5% to 157 million yen and there was an operating loss of 21 million yen compared with a 29 million yen loss one year earlier.

3) Europe

The operating environment in Europe remained challenging as global volatility in financial markets caused consumer spending to fall because of rising unemployment and other factors. Due to these difficult market conditions, there was a decline in orders in the EMS business for circuit boards and other components as manufacturers of electronic products cut production. Sales fell 57.1% to 625 million yen and there was an operating loss of 40 million yen compared with operating income of 26 million yen one year earlier.

4) East Asia

In China, the economy is starting to recover as consumer spending and exports increase due to the benefits of economic stimulus measures. However, there was a decline in orders in the EMS business from Japanese manufacturers of office

equipment, climate control equipment and other products. Sales decreased 31.1% to 10,052 million yen and operating income was down 89.0% to 37 million yen.

Product category	First quarter F For the three months e		First quarter FY2010 For the three months ended Jun. 2009		
	Amount (million yen) Proportion		Amount (million yen)	Proportion	
Information equipment	14,745	22.9%	13,675	25.3%	
EMS	20,338	31.6%	11,989	22.2%	
Semiconductors	14,051	21.8%	12,941	23.9%	
General electronic components	7,468	11.6%	8,178	15.1%	
Others	7,836 12.1%		7,277	13.5%	
Total	64,439	100.0%	54,062	100.0%	

Net sales by product category

Information equipment

Group companies worked on using the group's sales network in Japan, which includes major consumer electronics retailers, specialty stores and other channels, to increase sales of PCs, peripherals and other products. Another goal was increasing sales of new products, such as products used in rental condominiums and security system products. However, a decline in the volume of products handled in the projector business of KAGA COMPONENTS CO., LTD. caused sales to decrease 7.3% to 13,675 million yen.

EMS

Orders were down sharply because of cuts in production volume at client companies in the EMS business. In Japan, there was a decline in the output of LCD units used by manufacturers of amusement equipment. Overseas, there was a decline in output of circuit boards Japanese office equipment manufacturers and in other products. As a result, sales were down 41.1% to 11,989 million yen.

Semiconductors

ADM Inc., a semiconductor trading company that became a consolidated subsidiary in August 2008, contributed to first quarter sales. But declines in the volume handled of signal conversion ICs for digital audio-visual products, control ICs for automotive electronic devices and other products caused sales to decrease 7.9% to 12,941 million yen.

General electronic components

Sales of electronic components for PCs continued to grow, resulting in an increase of 9.5% in sales to 8,178 million yen.

Others

The volume of products handled was lower because of changes in market conditions for photography products. Sales decreased 7.1% to 7,277 million yen.

2. Analysis of financial condition

Total assets were 109,870 million yen at the end of the first quarter, 7,380 million yen less than at the end of the previous fiscal year. A decline in notes and accounts receivable-trade was the main reason.

Net assets decreased 490 million yen to 49,070 million yen and the equity ratio increased by 2.4 points to 43.1%.

(Cash flows)

There was a net increase of 1,366 million yen in cash and cash equivalents during the first quarter to 12,735 million yen.

Net cash provided by operating activities was 76 million yen. There were decreases in notes and accounts receivable-trade, accounts receivable-other and notes and accounts payable-trade.

Net cash used in investing activities was 1,696 million yen. Cash was used mainly for payments for the purchase of property, plant and equipment.

Net cash provided by financing activities was 2,778 million yen. The primary source of cash was net proceeds from short-term bank loans.

3. Forecast for fiscal year ending March 2010

There are no changes to the forecast for consolidated performance that was announced on May 11, 2009.

4. Others

(1) Changes in significant subsidiaries (Changes in specific subsidiaries accompanied by changes in the scope of consolidation): None

(2) Use of simple method in accounting procedures and application of accounting procedures specific to the quarterly consolidated financial statements: None

(3) Changes in accounting principles and procedures, presentation methods and other items in the preparation of the quarterly consolidated financial statements: None

5. Quarterly Consolidated Financial Statements

(1) Quarterly Balance sheet

(million yen)

	First quarter ended June 2009 (As of June 30, 2009)	Fiscal year ended March 200 (As of March 31, 2009)	
ASSETS			
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	12,735	11,378	
Notes and accounts receivable-trade	52,902	61,053	
Marketable securities	64	58	
Merchandize and furnished goods	13,771	13,969	
Goods in progress	927	577	
Raw materials and other supplies	3,505	3,749	
Deferred tax assets	876	994	
Others	6,397	8,017	
Allowance for doubtful receivables	(158)	(159)	
Total current assets	91,022	99,639	
Fixed assets			
Property, plant and equipment			
Buildings and structures, net	2,382	2,321	
Machinery, equipment and vehicles, net	1,556	1,486	
Tools and office furniture, net	1,144	1,029	
Land	1,324	1,324	
Construction in progress	100	6	
Total property, plant and equipment	6,507	6,168	
Intangible assets			
Goodwill	814	884	
Software	819	878	
Others	136	152	
Total intangible assets	1,770	1,914	
Investments and other assets			
Investment securities	5,582	4,854	
Deferred tax assets	199	346	
Others	6,045	5,675	
Allowance for doubtful receivables	(1,257)	(1,347)	
Total investments and other assets	10,569	9,528	
Total fixed assets	18,847	17,612	
Total assets	109,870	117,251	

		(million yen
	First quarter ended June 2009	Fiscal year ended March 2009
	(As of June 30, 2009)	(As of March 31, 2009)
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities		
Notes and accounts payable-trade	35,496	44,772
Short-term bank loans	12,730	9,291
Income taxes payable	512	949
Allowance for directors' and corporate auditors' bonuses	49	9
Others	4,925	5,499
Total current liabilities	53,714	60,521
Long-term liabilities		
Long-term bank loans	3,330	3,620
Allowance for retirement benefits for employees Allowance for retirement benefits for directors and	1,411	1,342
corporate auditors	1,150	1,122
Others	1,193	1,084
Total long-term liabilities	7,085	7,168
Total liabilities	60,800	67,690
NET ASSETS		
Shareholder's equity		
Paid-in capital	12,133	12,133
Capital surplus	13,912	13,912
Retained earnings	24,104	25,158
Treasury stock	(1,332)	(1,331)
Total shareholder's equity	48,817	49,873
Valuation and translation adjustments		
Valuation differences on available-for-sales securities	(2)	(364)
Deferred gains or losses on hedges	(2)	(0)
Foreign currency translation adjustments	(1,460)	(1,737)
Total valuation and translation adjustments	(1,464)	(2,103)
Minority interests	1,717	1,790
Total net assets	49,070	49,560
Total liabilities and net assets	109,870	117,251

(2) Quarterly statements of income

For the first quarter ended June 2009

(million yen)

	First quarter ended June 2008 (April 1, 2008 – June 30, 2008)	First quarter ended June 2009 (April 1, 2009 – June 30, 2009)
Net sales	64,439	54,062
Cost of sales	56,338	47,615
Gross profit	8,101	6,447
Selling, general and administrative expenses	6,734	6,700
Operating income (loss)	1,367	(253)
Non-operating income		
Interest income	28	14
Dividend income	48	32
Gain in foreign exchange	49	-
Others	118	112
Total non-operating income	246	158
Non-operating expenses		
Interest expense	36	33
Loss in foreign exchange	-	75
Others	89	78
Total non-operating expenses	126	186
Ordinary income (loss)	1,486	(281)
Extraordinary income		
Gain on sale of investment securities	-	51
Cancellation refund of insurance policies	6	-
Compensation income	-	40
Others	1	22
Total extraordinary income	8	113
Extraordinary losses		
Loss on retirement of fixed assets	68	1
Loss on revaluation of investment securities	121	87
Others	73	1
Total extraordinary losses	263	89
Income (loss) before income taxes and minority interests	1,231	(257)
Income, inhabitants and enterprise taxes	714	263
Income tax adjustment	76	162
Total taxes	791	425
Minority interests in income (loss) of consolidated		(10)
subsidiaries	(35)	(42)
Net income (loss)	475	(640)

(3) Quarterly statements of cash flows

	First quarter ended June 2008 (April 1, 2008 – June 30, 2008)	First quarter ended June 2009 (April 1, 2009 – June 30, 2009)				
Operating activities	(iipin i, 2000 - Cale 20, 2000)	(1) 11 1, 2009 Cane 20, 2009)				
Income (loss) before income taxes and minority interest	1,231	(257)				
Depreciation and amortization	330	493				
Amortization of goodwill	57	59				
Interest and dividend income	(85)	(46)				
Interest expenses	36	33				
Loss (gain) on revaluation of investment securities	121	87				
Decrease (increase) in notes and accounts receivable-trade	11,431	8,527				
Decrease (increase) in inventories	(2,482)	226				
Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable-other	1,050	1,288				
Increase (decrease) in notes and accounts payable-trade	(6,725)	(9,519)				
Others	(291)	175				
Sub-total	4,675	1,068				
Decrease (increase) in advance payments	24	(252)				
Interest and dividend received	83	54				
Interests paid	(35)	(34)				
Income taxes-paid	(2,270)	(739)				
Others	7	(18)				
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	2,483	76				
Investing activities						
Payment for purchase of property, plant and equipment	(516)	(1,127)				
Payment for purchase of intangible assets	(132)	(51)				
Short term loans provided	(563)	(262)				
Long term loans provided	(37)	-				
Others	(9)	(255)				
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(1,258)	(1,696)				
Financing activities						
Increase (decrease) in short-term bank loans, net	(1,137)	3,172				
Payment of dividends	(599)	(360)				
Others	(10)	(34)				
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	(1,747)	2,778				
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	(3)	208				
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(525)	1,366				
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	14,011	11,368				
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	13,485	12,735				

(4) Notes to ongoing concern assumptions None

(5) Segment Information

Operating segment information

For the first quarter ended June 2008 (April 1, 2008 – June 30, 2008) and the first quarter ended June 2009 (April 1, 2009 – June 30, 2009)

Operating segment information is not presented since the KAGA ELECTRONICS Group has been engaged in a single sector generally described as the manufacturing and sale of electronics merchandise and products.

Geographical segment information

For the first quarter ended June 2008 (April 1, 2008 – June 30, 2008)

							(million yen)
	Japan	North America	Europe	East Asia	Total	Eliminations or Corporate	Consolidated
Net sales							
(1) (of which to outside customers)	51,263	101	1,432	11,641	64,439	-	64,439
(2) (of which inter-segment)	3,497	66	26	2,952	6,543	(6,543)	-
Total	54,760	168	1,459	14,594	70,982	(6,543)	64,439
Operating income (loss)	978	(29)	26	338	1,314	53	1,367

Notes:

1. Countries and regions are classified according to geographical proximity.

2. Countries and regions outside Japan are broken down into the following geographical areas:

(1) North America: United States

(2) Europe: United Kingdom, Czech Republic, and Russia

(3) East Asia: Hong Kong, Singapore, Taiwan, Korea, China, Malaysia, and Thailand

3. Change in accounting method

(Accounting standard for inventories)

Effective from the current fiscal year, the Company has adopted Accounting Standard for Measurement of Inventories (ASBJ Statement No. 9, July 5, 2006). As a result, operating income decreased by 56 million yen in Japan compared with the figure that would have been reported if the previous accounting standard had been applied consistently.

For the first quarter ended June 2009 (April 1, 2009–June 30, 2009)

						(million yen)
	Japan	North America	Europe	East Asia	Total	Eliminations or Corporate	Consolidated
Net sales							
(1) (of which to outside customers)	45,012	97	624	8,328	54,062	-	54,062
(2) (of which inter-segment)	2,492	60	1	1,723	4,277	(4,277)	-
Total	47,504	157	625	10,052	58,340	(4,277)	54,062
Operating income (loss)	(303)	(21)	(40)	37	(327)	74	(253)

Notes:

1. Countries and regions are classified according to geographical proximity.

2. Countries and regions outside Japan are broken down into the following geographical areas:

(1) North America: United States

(2) Europe: United Kingdom, Czech Republic, and Russia

(3) East Asia: Hong Kong, Singapore, Taiwan, Korea, China, Malaysia, and Thailand

Overseas sales For the first quarter ended June 2008 (April 1, 2008– June 30, 2008)

(Million yen)

North America	Europe	East Asia	Total
401	1,760	16,041	18,204
-	-	-	64,439
0.6	2.7	24.9	28.3
	401	401 1,760	401 1,760 16,041

Notes:

1. Countries and regions are classified according to geographical proximity.

2. Countries and regions outside Japan are broken down into the following geographical areas:

(1) North America: United States

(2) Europe: United Kingdom, Czech Republic, and Russia

(3) East Asia: Hong Kong, Singapore, Taiwan, Korea, China, Malaysia, and Thailand

3. Overseas sales refer to sales posted by the Company and its consolidated subsidiaries in countries and regions outside Japan

For the first quarter ended June 2009 (April 1, 2009 – June 30, 2009)

(million yen)

	North America	Europe	East Asia	Total
I Overseas sales	621	706	12,218	13,546
II Consolidated sales	-	-	-	54,062
III Share of overseas sales in total sales (%)	1.1	1.3	22.6	25.1

Notes:

1. Countries and regions are classified according to geographical proximity.

2. Countries and regions outside Japan are broken down into the following geographical areas:

(1) North America: United States

(2) Europe: United Kingdom, Czech Republic, and Russia

(3) East Asia: Hong Kong, Singapore, Taiwan, Korea, China, Malaysia, and Thailand

3. Overseas sales refer to sales posted by the Company and its consolidated subsidiaries in countries and regions outside Japan.

(6) Notes on significant change in shareholders' equity None

6. Others

None